

Alexandria Gazette & Daily Advertiser.

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VOL. XIX.]

THURSDAY MORNING, AUGUST 6, 1818.

[No. 5298.

For the prevention and cure of
BILIOUS AND MALIGNANT FEVERS
is recommended
HAHN'S ANTI-BILIOUS PILLS
THIS Medicine has been attended
with a degree of success highly grateful
to the inventor's feelings in several parts
of the West Indies and in the Southern
and Middle States, &c.

The testimony of a number of persons
can be adduced, who have reason to believe
that a timely use of this salutary remedy
has, under Providence, preserved
their lives when in the most alarming circumstances.

Facts of this conclusive nature speak
more in favour of a medicine than columns of pompous eulogy founded on mere assertion.

It is not indeed presumptuously proposed as an infallible cure, but the inventor has every possible reason that can result from extensive experience for believing that a dose of these Pills taken once in every two weeks during the prevalence of our bilious fevers, will prove an infallible preventive; and further, that in the earlier stages of those diseases their use will very generally succeed in restoring health, and frequently in cases esteemed desperate and beyond the power of common remedies.

The operation of these pills is perfectly mild, so as to be used with safety by persons in every situation and of every age.

They are excellently adapted to carry off superfluous bile and prevent its morbid secretions—to restore and amend the appetite—to produce a free perspiration and thereby prevent colds which are often of fatal consequences. A dose never fails to remove a cold if taken on its first appearance: they are celebrated for removing habitual costiveness—sickness at the stomach and severe head-ache—and ought to be taken by all persons on a change of climate.

They have been found remarkably efficacious in preventing and curing disorders attendant on long voyages, and should be procured and carefully preserved for use by every seaman.

Hamilton's Elixir,

A sovereign remedy for colds, obstinate coughs, asthmas, sore throats, catarrhs, and approaching consumptions.—To parents who have children afflicted with the HOOPING COUGH, this discovery is of the first magnitude, as it affords immediate relief, checks the progress, and in short time entirely removes the most cruel disorders to which children are liable. The Elixir is perfectly agreeable, and the dose so small that no difficulty arises in taking it.

Hamilton's Grand Restorative,

Is recommended as an invaluable medicine for the speedy relief and permanent cure of

Nervous Disorders Violent cramps in Consumptions the stomach and back Loss of appetite Indigestion Impurity of blood Melancholy Hysterical affection Gout in the stomach Inward weaknesses Pains in the limbs and debility Relaxations, etc.

Hamilton's Essence and Extract of Mustard.

A safe and effectual remedy for acute and chronic rheumatism, gout, rheumatic gout, palsy, lumbo, numbness, white swellings, chilblains, sprains, bruises, pain in the face and neck, etc. etc.

Lee's Ointment for the Itch.

Warranted an infallible remedy at one application, may be used with perfect safety by pregnant women, or on infants a week old, not containing a particle of mercury or any dangerous ingredient whatever, and not accompanied with that tormenting smart which attends the application of other remedies.

Hahn's true & genuine German Corn Plaster.

An infallible remedy for corns, speedily removing them root and branch, without giving any pain.

The Genuine Persian Lotion.

So celebrated among the fashionable throughout Europe, is an invaluable cosmetic, perfectly innocent and safe, free from corrosive and repellent minerals, the basis of other lotions, and of unparalleled efficacy in removing blemishes of the face and skin, freckles, pimples, inflammatory redness, scurfs, tetter, ring-worms, sunburns, prickly heat, &c.

Hahn's genuine Eye Water.

A sovereign remedy for all diseases of the eyes, whether the effect of natural weakness or of accident.

Tooth Ache Drops.

The only remedy yet discovered which gives immediate and lasting relief in the most severe instances.

Lee's Infallible Ague and Fever Drops.

For the cure of agues, remittent and intermittent fevers.

At the place of sale pamphlets may be had gratis, describing cures performed by the above medicines; the number, importance and respectability of which, fully justify every article of this advertisement.

Sold only wholesale and retail, by
JAMES KENNEDY & SON,
King-st. Alexandria.

For Bermuda,

To sail in 10 days.
REGULATOR, Wm. Soule master (one half her cargo engaged). For freight or passage, having elegant accommodations, apply to T. H. HOWLAND.
July 24 finw6t

Molasses, Paper, &c.

EIGHTY lbs choice retailing molasses
600 reams writing paper
20 lbs whiskey—for sale by
MANDEVILLE & LARMOUR.
July 10

French Plaster.

ONE hundred and fifty tons on board the ship Washington, for sale by
LAWRASON & FOWLE.
Claret.

A FEW cases of Medoc Claret, of a superior quality, for sale by
July 20 LAWRASON & FOWLE.

Waggons, Furniture, &c.

SAMUEL WARD has received per brig Susan, and other late arrivals, a large quantity of Goods in his line, comprising the following articles:

30 waggons with harness, 3 with tops

300 chairs of different kinds

4 sofas and settees; children's chairs

6 sideboards of the newest fashion

40 bureaus of different prices

60 tables do

20 light stands do

10 work tables do

10 wash stands do

secretaries and book cases

150 looking glasses from 1 to 25 dolls

3 dozen grass mats

2 dozen hearths and floor brushes

6 dressing bureaus

12 feather beds and matresses

2000 feet mahogany in boards

1 dozen small hoes for gardening

4 gross headed screws; 1 doz bed keys

16 dozen bed caps; 15 do table hinges

6 dozen sacking bottoms at 18s

16 portable desks

Easy chairs and night stools

ALSO,

70 trunks of different sizes

800 chip hats

Boots, shoes and hats

Saddles, bridles and whips

6 bundles of steel, very low priced

Cast steel axes and common do

LIKewise,

10 kegs butter

10 bbls New England Rum

4 bbls crackers of the first quality

TOGETHER WITH

Letter paper and bills of lading

All of which will be sold on good terms at the Cabinet warehouse, foot of Prince-st. July 13 3w

Waggons, Furniture, &c.

HAIR-DRESSER AND PERFUMER,

Royal-street, Alexandria.

HAS just received and offers for sale at his shop, a few cases of Razors, of a superior quality, for travelling, with six blades

ALSO,

Ladies' and gentlemen's dressing cases

Cloth brushes; hair do; nail do

Shaving do; tooth do; rouge in pots

Almond paste; oil Antigua; pomatum

Cologne water; lavender do of superior quality; hair powder; powder puff

Naples soap for shaving; vegetable do

Rose do; palm do; wash balls

Shaving soap; tick combs; pocket do

Dressing do; pocket books

Pencil cases; beaver gloves; whips

Webb's N. York suspenders; French do

Hopkins's razor straps; Packwood's do

Shaving boxes; shaving glasses

Canes and rattans; watch chains

And a variety of other articles, too tedious

July 21

Bolting Cloths.

THE subscriber has this day received

a large and elegant assortment of Bolting Cloths, of a superior qua-

lity, which will be offered for sale at the

store of Messrs. Butts & Cawood, King-

street, Alex', where he intends keeping a complete assortment in future.

Sept 6 AMOS ALEXANDER.

Hardware.

LEWIS BIPKINS has received per
the Mohawk, via Baltimore, a small
addition to his former assortment of hardware, which renders the assortment tolerably complete and extensive.

AMONG WHICH ARE,

Shoe thread in balls, of good quality
Engl. bridle and skirting leather,
of superior quality
Men's and women's saddle trees
Plated chain spurs
Girth webbing
Waldron's grain and grass sashes
Sickles
Patent iron tea kettles

WITH A VARIETY OF

Cutterly & Mongery Goods;
all of which are offered at reduced pri-

ces to punctual customers. June 11

Muscovado Sugar.

WILL be landed this day from on
board the British brig Fame, from
Barbados, at Merchants' wharf, and for
sale by the subscriber,

41 lbs prime muscovado sugar

JAMES PATTON.

July 6 tf

Notice.

WOOD SELLERS to this place will
find it to their advantage by calling
on the subscribers, who have established
a wood yard, adjoining John Hun-

ter's ship yard.

LEONARD MARBURY,
JOSEPH HUNTER.

June 22

Bank of Alexandria,

JULY 6, 1818.
A DIVIDEND of four per cent for the
last half year, is this day declared,
and will be paid to the stockholders
in the institution, or their legal representa-

tives, on Thursday the 9th inst.

J. L. MCKENNA, Cashr.

July 7 Sw

Union Bank of Alexandria,

JULY 2, 1818.
STOCKHOLDERS in this institution,
are hereby notified, that on the capi-

tal paid in, a dividend of four per cent,
from the profits for the last six months, is
this day declared payable on the 9th inst.,
agreesly to order.

C. T. CHAPMAN, Cashr.

July 5 tf

Bolting Cloths.

THE subscriber has this day received
a large and elegant assortment of Bolting Cloths, of a superior qua-

lity, which will be offered for sale at the
store of Messrs. Butts & Cawood, King-

street, Alex', where he intends keeping a

complete assortment in future.

Sept 6 AMOS ALEXANDER.

Bath House.

THE subscriber respectfully informs his friends and the public, that his Bath House will be kept open during the season, and no exertions on his part shall be wanting to give satisfaction to those who shall favor him with their custom.

TWO baths, distinct from the rest, are expressly reserved for the use of Ladies, who will be waited on agreeably to their directions.

Tickets will be ready for delivery on Friday next.

The subscriber has received by the No. folk packet, a quantity of Fresh LIMES, which will enable him to keep a constant supply of PUNCH, of the best quality.

T. SHIELDS.

June 17 tf

Bottled Porter and Ale.

JOSIAH H. DOE

HAS just commenced bottling best
Transparent Pale Ale and Porter,
(from the Georgetown and Philadelphia breweries) on Duke street, between Union and Water streets, where he will be happy to meet the commands of his friends and the public in general.

To those who are disposed to become regular customers, or wish to purchase by the dozen or gross, will be made a handsome discount.

Boarders Wanted.

Two or three boarders can be accommodated on moderate terms, by applying as above.

ALEXANDRIA GAZETTE
AND JOURNAL ADVERTISER.
PUBLISHED BY
SAMUEL SNOWDEN,
ROYAL-STREET.
A Gazette, 7 dolls...Country, 5 dolls.

THURSDAY, AUGUST 6, 1818.

From the Boston *Advertiser*.

THE KALEIDOSCOPE.

"Thou exquisite thing of cylindrical frame,
And angular mirror, and hard sounding
name,
Thou plaything for sages and mystery for
boys,
Thou prettiest of wonders and gravest of
toys.
Sure we never have seen, and we never
shall see,
In this age of phenomena, aught like unto
thee.
The musical box and the musical ring;
The invisible girl, who could prattle and
sing—
Were but trifles to thee, with thy shapes
and thy hues,
And thousand of thousands of varying
views.
Do look at it, Tom! there, just shut one
eye,
And close to this hole let the other draw
nigh.
Now give but a turn, or a touch, or a shake,
And behold what new figures and forms
you can make!
Keep looking, keep turning and looking—
"Ye powers."
You command, and "Good gracious, what
millions of flowers!"
"Methods I am unwinding a long roll of
prints."
"Which they stamp upon room-paper, or
chintz.
Or such magnified snow-drops it seems to
create
"As the Encyclopedia describes in the
plate."
"Pray what is inside, that brings forth
such creations,
And multiplies thousands of new
combinations?
In the very same mould every figure is
cast,
And yet each differs wide as can be from
the last.
Sometimes they begin from the centre to
change,
Sometimes from the border their parts
they arrange,
Sometimes they take leave with a linger-
ing motion,
Or dart into view like a fish from the
ocean.
But tell me how far will this long series
run?
"Say, is it not wound up? will it never
be done?"
No, no, Tom, you talk like an ignorant
goat.
Come bear me explain the philosophy o't
Take a couple of mirrors—no, stay, I for-
got—
You've but one in the world—oh, well, that
matters not.
I've another—now let them be set face to
face,
Join'd below—but at top let them open a
space.
Now snatch from Maria the rose she is
wearing,
While I hold the mirrors (well done, you
are daring!).
Hold now the same rose, with its leaves all
complete;
Just where at an angle the two mirrors
meet—
And then, where the mirrors reflect under-
neath;
You will see a most perfect and beautiful
wreath.
And such is the mystery and principle,
Tom,
Which they have borrowed this wonderful
instrument from.
Within that tin tube you will find by in-
specting,
At an angle two small looking glasses re-
flecting.
Then in lieu of the rose there are small bits
of glass,
Of all colours, and sizes and shapes in a
mass.
Now for ev'ry appearance those pieces
present.
A circular six-fold reflection is lent,
And the least agitation these pieces sustain,
Breaks up the old shapes, and forms new
ones again.
Why I've heard a great mathematician de-
clare,
Who is deeper in such things as you and
I are,
That if ever since Adam was form'd from
the ground *[tope round]*,
There was some one who turned a kaleid-
oscope round,
And brought a new figure each second to
view.
The two.
There might never, in all points, resembling
But now let us leave permutations and com-
binations for thoughts we like better, dear
Tom.
We are poets—and poets don't oft take to
But on tropes and similes love to be mount-
ing.
Let us glance at this toy with a poet's fond
And to gather a moral we'll soberly try.
Say, what is this world that we live in
low?

A kaleidoscope only—a plaything for show.
Like the vanishing figures before us, we men-
Just melt into being and melt out again.
Perhaps our whole lives, like these figures,
supply. *[Eye.]*
A moment's amusement to some anxious
That peeps from an opening in your dis-
tant sphere. *[Eye.]*
And listlessly givens us while glimmer-
But why at this thought so subdued do you
seem? *[Eye.]*
There but a dream,
We may wake up elsewhere—though 'tis
Then, my friend, let us am with unwea-
ring strife.
To reflect this fleeting, kaleidoscope life,
And ev'n if 'tis figure and color alone,
Let us shape it and brighten it well—tis
now! *[Eye.]* CAMBRIDGE

At the time Drury-Lane Theatre was re-
pairing, the following notice was publish-
ed:—"Drury-Lane opens at the Opera-
House on the 10th of next month."

ALEXANDRIA:
THURSDAY MORNING, AUGUST 6.
FOR THE GAZETTE.

ALEXANDER ROSS.

Of those who are even tolerably versed in the works of our old English poets, there are not many who have not read Hudibras, of which dean Swift said, rather hyperbolically, that it contained more wit than words:—and he who has read Hudibras will hardly fail to recollect the lines,

"There was an ancient sage philosopher,
Who had read Alexander Ross over."

But it is a doubt with me whether any of those who may remember the couplet, can form the least notion of the very heavy task which he, the said philosopher, must have performed in reading over the works of Mr. Alexander Ross. Let the reader of this cast his eye over the annexed catalogue, and judge for himself; keeping still in mind, that by the best accounts extant, this voluminous author was not fond of balking his own appetite for communication, or his reader's stomach for knowledge, with small, light treatises; but generally, when he published, put forth what our worthy friend, doctor Weas, would call a ponderous work." The following is the list:

1. De rebus Judaeis.
2. An Exposition of the book of Genesis.
3. Rasura Tonsoris.
4. Mel Heliconium.
5. Mysagous Poeticus.
6. Virgilius Evangelizans.—A singular canto on the Life of Christ, extracted all from Virgil.
7. Christiades Poematis—Libri XIII.
8. Chimaera Pythagorica.
9. The new Planet or no Planet.
10. Mediations on Predestination.
11. Medicus Medicatus.
12. The Philosophical Touchstone.
13. The Picture of the Conscience.
14. Colloquia Plantina.
15. A translation of the Christian Divinity of Wolleibus.
16. Gnomologon Poeticum.
17. Enchiridion Oratorum.
18. Logique Grammatici.
19. Arcana Microcosmi.
20. A Caveat for reading the Alcoran.
21. A Refutation of Dr. Brown's Vulgar Errors.
22. A Refutation of Lord Bacon, Dr. Harvey and others.
23. An Epitome of Sir Walter Raleigh's History.
24. Observations on Sir Walter Raleigh.
25. The second part of the History of the World, being a continuation of Sir Walter Raleigh.
26. Leviathan drawn out with a book.
27. A view of all Religions in the World.
28. Exercises on the remaining books of Genesis.
29. Melissomachia.
30. Religionis Apotheosis.
31. Paraphrasis Virgiliana.
32. Virgilii Triumphans.
33. Pyramachia Virgiliana.
34. Epigrammata Romana.

The twenty-seventh article is said by profound scholars to display considerable learning and information, and has clearly afforded great, but (shameful to say) unacknowledged help to a writer who flourished a few years since on the very same subject. It is deformed, however, by being written, as was the tiresome mode of that age, in the dull shape of question and answer.

In the same volume the bookseller published, as connected with the subject, a treatise entitled, "The Revelation of certain notorious advocates of Heresy, and an account of their lives and ends, with seventeen heads." Among those was Servetus, and several of the Anabaptist leaders, who took possession of the city of Munster and exercised, during their usurpation, so singular an union of enthusiasm, despotism and sensuality. A considerable, and indeed a very liberal writer, descanting a few years ago on this volume, says, "I know not if the artist from whose drawings the figures were engraved possessed favorable opportunities, or whether he was successful in taking likenesses, but I think I never beheld more savage or terrific beings."

Alexander Ross was by birth a Scot, and educated a divine. Tempted by patronage however, he quitted Scotland, was appointed chaplain to king Charles I., and master of the free school at Southampton, which enjoys at the present moment the benefit of a testamentary bequest from him. By his literary labors and his school he became wealthy, and as old age advanced, he retired from public life, and passed the remainder of his days in the family of the Henleys of Hampshire, the ancestors of the chancellor of that name, to whom, when dying in 1654, Ross bequeathed a large library, and a very considerable sum of money. But the most singular circumstance attending the legacy, was that the fortunate legatee found a good part of the cash concealed among his books, which the cautious divine, in all probability, thought the safest place of deposit in those turbulent times.

On Thursday morning last, after Mass, at St. Augustine's Church, a villain secreted

[Communicated for the Alex'a. Gazette.]

At the Court at Carlton-house,
the 27th of May, 1818.

PRESIDENT.

His Royal Highness the Prince Regent in Council.

Whereas by an act passed in the present session of parliament, entitled "An Act to allow for three years, and until six weeks after the commencement of the then next session of parliament, the importation into ports specially appointed by his majesty within the provinces of Nova-Scotia and New-Brunswick, of the articles therein enumerated, and the re-exportation thereof from such ports," it is enacted that it shall and may be lawful in any British-built ship or vessel, owned and navigated according to law—or in any ship or vessel belonging to the subjects of any sovereign or state in amity with his majesty, to import into and export from such ports within the province of Nova-Scotia or New-Brunswick as shall be specially appointed for that purpose, certain articles in the said act enumerated, any thing in any law to the contrary notwithstanding:—His Royal Highness the Prince Regent, by virtue of the powers vested in his majesty by the above recited act, is pleased, in the name and on the behalf of his majesty, and by and with the advice of his majesty's privy council, to order, and it is hereby ordered, that from and after the date of this order, and during the continuance of the act above recited, until further order made thereon, it shall and may be lawful in any British-built ship or vessel, owned and navigated according to law, or in any ship or vessel belonging to the subjects of any sovereign or state in amity with his majesty, to import into the port of Halifax in Nova-Scotia, and the port of St. John's in New-Brunswick, any scantling, plank, staves, heading board, shingles, hoops, horses, neat cattle, sheep, hogs, poultry or live stock of any sort, biscuit, bread, flour, peas, beans, wheat, potatoes, rice, oats, barley or grain of any sort, pitch, tar, turpentine, fruits, seeds and tobacco, provided that such articles shall in all cases where the same shall be imported in foreign vessels, be of the growth, produce or manufacture of the country to which the vessels importing the same shall belong; and that it shall be lawful in any British-built ship or vessel owned and navigated according to law, to export from the said ports any of said articles, either to the United Kingdom or to any other of his majesty's possessions:—And it is hereby further ordered, that it shall and may be lawful in any British-built ship or vessel owned and navigated according to law, or in any ship or vessel belonging to the subjects of any sovereign or state in amity with his majesty, to export from the ports of Halifax in Nova-Scotia, and St. John's in New-Brunswick, any gypsum, griststones, or other produce or manufacture of the said provinces, and also any produce or manufacture of the United Kingdom, or of his majesty's colonies or plantations in the West-Indies, or any goods whatever which shall have been legally imported into the said provinces; provided that none of the said articles shall be exported from the ports above named to any foreign country or place, in any foreign vessel, unless such foreign vessel shall belong to the country to which the said articles shall be exported. And the right honorable the lords commissioners of his majesty's treasury, and the lords commissioners of the admiralty, are to give the necessary directions herein accordingly.

(Signed) JAMES BULLER.

EXPEDITION TRAVELLING.

Passengers that left Elton on Saturday evening in the steam boat New-Jersey, at half past 8 o'clock, arrived in Baltimore at 3 o'clock A. M. making a run of 74 miles in 6 hours. *[Balt. American.]*

The U. States Bank has given notice that the time prescribed for exhibiting to the Board of Directors, appropriate designs and elevations for a Banking House, has been extended to the 31st day of August instant, and that such as have been, or may be deposited at the Bank, will remain sealed up until that day, unless called for by the artists to whom they respectively belong." *[Nat. Intelligencer.]*

Vaccination flourishes in France. During the year 1816, there were 604,935 births in the kingdom: of which 431,648 were vaccinated, 24,610 had the small pox, of which 2463 died, and 2482 were disfigured. It is unnecessary to add, that no mortality or disfiguring attended the vaccination. *[Boston Gazette.]*

A new Church, Bank and Theatre, and a great number of handsome private buildings are erecting in Savannah the present season.

The thermometer at Charleston, S. C. for the month of June, the lowest was 65, and the highest 93.

CHURCH ROBERT.

On Thursday morning last, after Mass, at St. Augustine's Church, a villain secreted

himself near the Alter, and purloined therefrom the Chalice, which he offered for sale the same day, after having considerably disfigured it, but was detected by a gentleman who happened to be present in the shop where he expected to sell it, and immediately committed for trial.

[Poulson's Philadelphia Advertiser.]

A beggar in Richmond, Virginia, after having gathered considerable contributions from the citizens, for the purpose, as he stated, of carrying him to Norfolk, stepped into a lottery office, but being unlucky in his appeal to the feelings of the proprietor, he determined to try his luck with dame fortune, and laying down seven dollars, he procured a chance in her bountiful favors, and departed. *[N. Y. Daily Adv.]*

COMMERCIAL ENTERPRISE.

The following paragraph is copied from a late Liverpool paper:

"In order to furnish more conveyance for goods and passengers between Liverpool and New-York, the owners of the American ships Courier, Pacific, James Monroe, and Amity, have undertaken to establish between the two ports a regular succession of vessels, one of which will positively sail, full or not full, from Liverpool on the 1st, and from New-York on the 5th of every month throughout the year.

From the Boston Palladium, July 28.

TYPE FOUNDRY.

It is with much pleasure we state that through the exertions and enterprise of Mr. E. White, type founder at New-York, a branch of his business is now established in this town, under the superintendence of Mr. D. Manly, a very ingenious, attentive and persevering artist, who is thoroughly acquainted with the business. We think it no more than justice to say, that the types which have been cast at this foundry, are in every respect equal if not superior to any in this country, and we hope that the printers of New-England will not be wanting in their patronage towards an establishment so useful and beneficial to their business.

From the Charleston Times of July 29.

By the arrival this morning of the brig Catharine, Wellsman, in 5 days from the Havana, we received the papers of that city to the 22d and 23d inst.—We have extracted a few items of marine intelligence, being the only articles of interest which they contain. The reported cessation of the Floridas to the United States, was generally believed in the Havana, and so far from exciting any disapprobation, was universally regarded as a wise and politic step on the part of the Spanish Government. Our correspondent writes as follows:

Havana, 23d July, 1818.

I wrote you under date of yesterday, per scrl Sally.* Capt. Dodd, enclosing files of the Noticiero and Diario, up to the same. I now avail myself of the sailing of the Catharine, Wellsman, to forward the papers of the 22d and 23d. This is the only vessel for a length of time for your port. There is nothing new stirring with us." *Not yet arrived.

From the Liverpool Courier.

The following pleasing proof of animal sagacity has been sent to us by a correspondent:

"A few days ago, a person was attending a vessel discharging oak bark at the king's dock, when unfortunately a particle of this substance got into his eye, which could not be extracted, either by himself or several others, who tried all their skill.

He continued for three successive days and nights, in the most excruciating pain.

"On the fourth evening, while still suffering the severest torture, his faithful little dog, of the pug breed, appeared with a peculiar movement, and it approached the master of the bark, and continued to sing alternately. Through the whole of it, the same notes invariably returned, but, according to the subject matter of the strope, they laid a greater or a smaller stress, sometimes on one, and sometimes on another note, and indeed changed the enunciation of the whole strope as the object of the poem altered.

"On the whole, however, the sounds were hoarse and screaming; they seemed, in the manner of all rude uncivilized men, to make the excellency of their singing in the force of their voice; one seemed desirous of conquering the other by the strength of his lungs; and so from receiving light from this scene, (shut up as I was in the box of the gondola) I found myself in a very unpleasant situation.

"My companion, to whom I communicated this circumstance, being very desirous to keep up the credit of his countrymen, assured me that this singing was very delightful when heard at a distance of some hundred paces. They now began to sing against one another, and I kept walking up and down between them both, so as always to leave him who was to begin his part. I frequently stood still and hearkened to the one and to the other.

"Here the scene was properly introduced. The strong declamatory, and, as it were shrieking sound, met the ear from afar, and called forth the attention; the quickly succeeding transitions, when necessarily required to be sung in a lower tone, seemed like plaintive strains succeeding the vociferations of emotion or of pain.

The other, who listened attentively, immediately began where the former left off, answering him in milder or more vehement notes, according as the purport of the strope required. The sleepy canals, the lofty buildings, the splendor of the moon, the deep shadows of the few gondolas, that moved like spirits hither and thither, increased the striking peculiarity of the scene—and amidst all these circumstances it was easy to confess the character of this wondrous harmony.

"It suits perfectly well with an idle solitary mariner, lying at length in his vessel at rest on one of the canals, waiting for his company, or for a fare, the tiresomeness of which situation is somewhat alleviated by the songs and poetical stories he has in memory. He often raises his voice as loud as he can, which extends itself to a vast distance over the tranquil mirror, and as all is still around, he is, as it were, in a solitude in the midst of a large and populous town.

Some of the older gondoliers will, how-

ever, take up and continue a stanza of their once familiar bard.

On the 7th of last January, the author of Childe Harold, and another Englishman, the writer of this notice, rowed to the Lido with two singers, one of whom was a carpenter, and the other a gondolier. The former placed himself at the prow, the latter at the stern of the boat. A little after leaving the quay of the Piazzetta, they began to sing, and continued their exercise until we arrived at the Island. They gave us amongst other essays, the death of Clorinda, and the palace of Armida; and did not sing the Venetian but the Tuscan verses. The carpenter, however, who was the cleverest of the two, and was frequently obliged to prompt his companion, told us that he could translate the original. He added, that he could sing almost three hundred stanzas, but had not spirits; (which was the word he used) to learn any more or to sing what he already knew; a man must have idle time on his hands to acquire, or to repeat, and said the poor fellow, "look at my clothes and at me, I am starving." This speech was more affecting than his performance, which habit alone can make attractive. The recitation was shrill, screaming and monotonous, and the gondolier behind, assisted his voice, by holding his hand to the side of his mouth. The carpenter used a quiet action, which he evidently endeavored to restrain, but was too much interested in his subject altogether to press. From these men we learnt that singing is not altogether confined to the gondoliers, and that although the chant is seldom, if ever, voluntary, there are still several amongst the lower classes, who are acquainted with a few stanzas.

It does not appear that it is usual for the performers to row and sing at the same time. Although the verses of the Jerusalem are no longer casually heard, there is yet much upon the Venetian canals; and upon holidays, those strangers, who are not near or informed enough to distinguish the words, may fancy that many of the gondoliers still respond with the strain of Tasso. The writer of some remarks which appeared in the curiosities of literature must excuse his being twice quoted; for with the exception of some phrases a little too ambitious and extravagant, he has furnished a very exact, as well as agreeable description.

"In Venice the gondoliers know by heart long passages from Ariosto and Tasso, and often chant them with a peculiar melody. But this talent seems at present on the decline; at least, after taking some pains, I could find no more than two persons who delivered to me in this way a passage from Tasso. I must add, that the late Mr. Berry once chanted to me a passage in Tasso in the manner, as he assured me, of the gondoliers.

"There are always two concerned, who alternately begin the strophes. We know the melodious movement, and is a sort of medium between the canto fermo and the canto figurato; it approaches to the former by recitative declamations, and to the latter by passages and course, by which one syllable is detained and embellished.

"I entered a gondola by moonlight; one singer placed himself forwards, and the other aft, and thus proceeded to St. George. One began the song: when he had ended his strope, the other took up the lay, and so continued the song alternately. Throughout the whole of it, the same notes invariably returned, but, according to the subject matter of the strope

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"On the whole, however, the sounds were hoarse and screaming: they seemed, in the manner of all rude uncivilized men, to make the excellency of their singing in the force of their voice; one seemed desirous of conquering the other by the strength of his lungs; and so far from receiving delight from this scene, (shut up as I was in the box of the gondola) I found myself in a very unpleasant situation.

"My companion, to whom I communicated this circumstance, being very desirous to keep up the credit of his countrymen, assured me that this singing was very delightful when heard at a distance of some hundred paces. They now began to sing against one another, and I kept walking up and down between them both, so as always to leave him who was to begin his part. I frequently stood still and hearkened to the one and to the other.

"Here the scene was properly introduced. The strong declamatory, and, as it were shrieking sound, met the ear from afar, and called forth the attention; the quickly succeeding transitions, when necessarily required to be sung in a lower tone, seemed like plaintive strains succeeding the vociferations of emotion or of pain. The other, who listened attentively, immediately began where the former left off, answering him in milder or more vehement notes, according as the purport of the siren required. The sleepy canals, the lolly buildings, the splendor of the moon, the deep shadows of the few gondolas, that moved like spirits hither and thither, increased the striking peculiarity of the scene—and amidst all these circumstances it was easy to confess the character of this wondrous harmony.

"It suits perfectly well with an idle solitary mariner, lying at length in his vessel at rest on one of the canals, waiting for his company, or for a fare, the tiresomeness of which situation is somewhat alleviated by the songs and poetical stories he has in memory. He often raises his voice as loud as he can, which extends itself to a vast distance over the tranquil mirror, and as all is still around, he is, as it were, in a solitude in the midst of a large and populous town. Here is no rattling of carriages, no noise of

foot passengers: a silent gondola glides now and then by him, of which the splashes of the oars are scarcely to be heard.

"At a distance he heard another, perhaps utterly unknown to him. Melody and verse immediately attach the two strangers; he becomes the responsive echo to the former, and exerts himself to be heard as he had heard the other. By a tacit convention they alternate verse for verse; though the song should last the whole night through they entertain themselves without fatigue; the hearers, who are passing between the two, take part in the amusement.

"This vocal performance sounds best at a great distance, and is then inexpressibly charming, as it only fulfills its design in the sentiment of remoteness. It is plaintive, but not dismal in its sound, and at times it is scarcely possible to refrain from tears. My companion, who otherwise was not a very delicate organized person, said quite unexpectedly, o singolare come quel cantante interiore, r molto piu quando lo cantava.

"I was told that the women of Libo, the long row of islands that divides the Adriatic from the Lagoons, particularly the women of the extreme districts of Malamocco and Palestina, sing in like manner the works of Tasso to these and similar tunes.

"They have the custom, when their husbands are fishing out at sea, to sing along the shore in the evenings and vociferate these songs, and continue to do so with great violence, till each of them can distinguish the responses of her own husband at a distance.

"The love of music and of poetry distinguishes all classes of Venetians, even among the tuneless sons of Italy. The city itself can occasionally furnish respectable audiences for two or three opera houses at a time; and there are few events in private life that do not call forth a printed and circulated sonnet. Does a physician or a lawyer take his degree, or a clergyman preach his maiden sermon, has a surgeon performed an operation, would a harlequin announce his departure or his benefit, are you to be congratulated on a marriage, or a birth, or a law suit, the muses are invoked to furnish the same number of syllables, and the individual triumphs blaze abroad in virgin white or party colored placards on half the corners of the capital. The last courtesy of a favorite *prima donna*, brings down a shower of those poetical tributes, from those upper regions, from which, in our theatres, nothing but cupids and snow storms are accustomed to descend. There is a poetry in the very life of a Venetian, which, in its common course is varied with those: uprisings and changes oft recommended in fiction, but so different from the sober monotony of sober existence: amusements are raised into duties, duties are softened into amusements, and every object being considered as equally making a part of the business of life, is announced and performed with the same earnest indifference and assiduity.

[Childe Harold.]

By Last Evening's Mail.

FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT AT N. YORK.

Gazette office, August 3—noon.

Captain Bliss, of the schooner Sandford and William, arrived this morning from Teneriffe, informs, that on the 15th of June, in lat. 29 and lon. 26, he spoke his B. M. ship Indian sloop of war, from London, bound to Jamaica, laden very deeply with provisions.

The captain of the Indian said that two days previous he had engaged a pirate, and had a very severe engagement—which evidently appeared from the situation he was in, her sails and spars being much injured. He further informed, that the pirates made three attempts to board them, but was driven back. The sloop of war lost about half of her crew—the pirates loss of men not known, but supposed to be much greater. The pirate was much superior in force and bulk, and sailed faster than the Indian. After a long combat had the good fortune to beat her off—she hauled her wind and stood to the S. W. being very much disabled.

—♦♦♦—

Alex'a. Common Council.

JULY 16, 1818.

Resolved, That the street-commissioner do regulate Wilkes and Wolfe streets, between Water and Union streets, and also repair the causeway from Wilkes to Gibbon streets, charging the expense to the first ward, provided it does not exceed one hundred dollars.

Passed in council the 16th day of July, 1818.

J. H. HOPE,
President of the Common Council.
Approved 31st July, 1818.

JACOB HOFFMAN, Mayor.

A true copy,

L. P. THOMPSON, C. C.

State of the weather in Alexandria.

August 5—At 2 P. M. 85 degrees.

Exchange Coffee-House & MARINE JOURNAL.

PORT OF ALEXANDRIA...AUGUST 6.

CLEARED.

Schr Sally & Polly, New-York.

Sloop Regulator, Soule, Bermuda.

ARRIVED.

Brig Planter, Lane, 50 days from Oporto;

balaust, to M. Miller.

Left June 12th, ship Thomas, of Alexandria; brig Margarets, of Baltimore; Betsey, of Boston; Criterion, of Baltimore; Vancouver, of Philadelphia; Alison, of Yarmouth; Eagle, of Providence; schr M'Donough, of Portsmouth N. H.; Planter, of Yarmouth. At quarantine, drags Gleaner, and William, of Philadelphia, and a schr from New-York. Spoke at 34 21, lon 20. 19, brig II, from Rhode Island to Gibraltar.

Schr George Washington, Jackson, 50 hours from Norfolk; rosin and varnish, to Elijah Adams, and sugar, to the master.

Passengers, principally mechanics for Washington City.

Schr Return, Downing, 16 days from Rensselaer; lumber to the master.

Sloop Ranger, Sawyer, 25 days from

Portland, and 13 from Ambey; plaster, soap, &c. to E. Corning.

Schr Henrietta, Nevett, 3 days from Baltimore; dry goods, groceries, &c. to merchants of the District. Off Blackston's Island, yesterday morning, saw an hermaphrodite brig, in ballast trim—same time passed ship Boston, Finley, hence for Paxton.

Brig Cumberland, Nelson, hence for Mantanzas, went to sea, 24th ult.

Elegant Work.

For sale at the Gazette Office,

A SET of Nicholson's Encyclopedia, in 6 vols. octavo, published in Philadelphia in 1817. It is a specimen of superb binding, and warranted equal to any in the union. Price 40 dollars.

August 6 31

English Cheese.

A FEW excellent English Cheese, just received and for sale by LOUIS BEELER.

August 6 31

Lawrason & Fowle

HAVE received by schr Adeline, capt. Rummy, and for sale, 15 pipes French brandy 60 casks Malaga wine

August 6 4w

For Sale,

A WOMAN WITH HER MALE CHILD.

SHE is a good washer, ironer and cook. To prevent unnecessary inquiries, she is not to be sold out of the district, and her price is 400 dollars. Inquire of the printer.

August 6 31

For Norfolk,

FEE. The regular trading sloop GEO. WASHINGTON, will sail on Saturday, 8th inst. For freight or passage, apply on board at Ramsey's wharf, or to JOHN MCCOBB.

August 6 31

Wanted to purchase,

A STEADY Horse for a gig.

Inquire of the Printer.

August 5 31

Sweat proof Suspenders.

THE subscriber has a few of the above article, of his own manufacture, for sale at 50 cents per pair.

RICHARD HORWELL.

N. B. An assortment of the patent silk webb, cotton do. and best double nett, as usual,

2w August 5

Shrub,

Made of fresh fruit, ON sale at JACOB HOFFMAN'S Sugar refinery.

August 4 31

Waggon & Team for sale.

I WISH to sell my waggon and team, consisting of five good strong horses and an excellent waggon. For terms, apply to Mr John Wood, cooper, in Alexandria.

GEORGE BOWLING.

August 4 31

Connecticut Ploughs.

JUST received and for sale by NEWTON KEENE,

150 Connecticut Ploughs

August 3 dif

Claret Wine.

LINDSAY & HILL have just received and for sale, 40 half pipes claret wine, excellent quality—equal to any ever imported in the district.

31 August 3

Coffee, Salt, Rum, &c.

LINDSAY & HILL have just received and for sale,

coffee 456 bags and barrels green and white

8000 bushels Liverpool ground salt

1000 do Turks Island do

23 puncheons West India rum

12 do N. England do

7 pipes Holland gin

5 hds molasses

20 serous Spanish Tobacco, good

100 kegs white lead; 6 bags pepper

5 hds loaf sugar, N. Y. manufactory

50 boxes mould and dip candles

320 barrels mess and gross shad, for

factory use; 40 do gross herrings

ALSO.

A few papers Cobbett's celebrated Rus-

sia Turnip Seed

August 3

Prunello and Silk Shoes.

JUST received, (direct from France) 23 doz. black, green, buff, cinnamon, white, brown and dove colored silk and prunello shoes, of superior quality; a few dozen glazed shoes.

ALSO:

On hand, an extensive assortment of ladies' and misses' kid, morocco and leather shoes;

gentlemen's fine boots; shoes and pumps;

boys' and children's do; first and second quality

Baltimore hats; low priced men's and boys'

do; water proof plus do.—For sale wholesale and retail by the subscriber at his store, King street.

WM. TRUE.

diwwmf

Pickling Vinegar.

I HAVE at my Vinegar Yard on Fairfax

street, opposite the first Presbyterian Church, a large quantity of

ARRIVED.

Brig Planter, Lane, 50 days from Oporto;

balaust, to M. Miller.

Left June 12th, ship Thomas, of Alexandria;

brig Margarets, of Baltimore;

Betsey, of Boston;

Criterion, of Baltimore;

Vancouver,

Alexand

HOUSES, LANDS, &c.

To Rent,

The Brick Warehouse at the corner of Prince & Union streets, now occupied by Caldwell & Jackson—the stand for a grocery, ship chandlery, or auction store, equal to any in the place—immediate possession can be given.

Also to Rent,

The Compting Room, and part or all the Brick Warehouse occupied by Lindsay & Hill—possession given on the 1st of Aug. May 25 LAWASON & FOWLE.

Indian Queen Tavern.

The subscriber offers for sale the Lease on the House he now occupies as a TAVERN, which has four and a half years to run. It is one of the most eligible and central situations in town, and commands a large share of country custom. He also offers all the household and kitchen

Furniture, Servants, &c. Immediate possession will be given. JAMES SHETHAR June 26 dtf

The subscriber offers for sale the large Brick Building lately occupied by him in the town of Alexandria, together with most of the essential articles of Furniture attached to it. The whole will be sold on the most reasonable terms. He also offers for sale, an excellent Philadelphia built carriage, and a pair of well broke horses. W. H. FITZRUGH. Rivenough, June 25—d/w Thif.

Plaster Land.

The subscriber offers for sale a FARM of 430 acres, being part of the tract whereon he resides, in Fauquier county, Va. More than one-third of this Farm is in timber, and is land of the richest quality. The cleared land is in good heart, having had the advantage of a clover ley, and no soil being more susceptible of plaster improvement. He would also dispose of a lot of 50 acres, the whole of which is in timber, and is first-rate tobacco and meadow land. On this lot has been erected a well built saw mill, contiguous to which at the confluence of Broad and Mill runs) is a most valuable site for a merchant mill. No property is better worth the attention of a person wishing to engage in such business. On the first mentioned farm are a commodious overseer's house, a new barn, stables, corn houses and negro quarters, and about 20 acres of timothy meadow.

THOMAS TURNER, Near Hay Market Post-Office. June 26 2nt

600 acres of Land for sale.

THIS Tract is situated in Westmoreland county, Virginia, adjacent to Mr. Garnett Hunter's Plantation, and contiguous to the waters of the Potomac. The neighborhood is good—water excellent, and very desirable situations for building. A considerable proportion of the land is well timbered, besides a good deal of cedar, pine and other wood, sufficiently convenient to make it an object for those who may be disposed to send it to market—it is nearly equidistant from Baltimore, Washington and Norfolk.

Any one wishing to purchase may apply to ROGER JONES, Alexandria.

Also, a very valuable LOT, containing 140 acres, being a part of the late Mr. John Turberville's tract—within 6 miles of Georgetown, S from the Little Falls Bridge, and near to the turnpike leading from thence to Wiley's, in Fairfax county, Va. A great proportion of this land is exceedingly well timbered, and that part which is not, is so recently cleared as to be in an active state for cultivation, and already in a productive condition. For terms, apply to PHILIP C. JONES, esq. in Leesburg, Va. or to R. JONES. March 30

For Sale.

A TRACT OF LAND in the county of Fairfax, between the Little River Turnpike Road and that from Leesburg to Georgetown, called SELBY, containing from 5 to 600 acres, situated in the neighborhood of Alexandria, Georgetown, and city of Washington. The land is in good order, with sufficient buildings for the purposes of farming, well watered, wooded, and adapted to plaster. As it is presumed that persons disposed to purchase will view the premises, further description is unnecessary.

Terms of sale liberal, and will be made known on application to John A. and Bushrod C. Washington, near Charlestown, Jefferson county, Virginia, or

NOBLE HERBERT, Alexandria, D. C.

July 18 sw

For Sale,

THE SULPHUR SPRINGS, ABOUT eight miles from Martinsburg, Berkley County, formerly occupied by Minghinni, and now kept by Brown. This estate consists of about

420 Acres of Land, already in good cultivation, and susceptible of high improvement. The springs are much resorted to, and the boarding-house establishment is extremely profitable. The buildings have undergone considerable repair.

All those disposed to purchase will, I presume, visit the property, further particulars are deemed unnecessary.

H. S. G. TUCKER, Winchester, July 18 2m.

For Sale,

A VALUABLE FARM, containing between six and seven hundred acres of land, the greater part of which is in timber, and adjoins the land of Charles Thist and Edmond J. Lee, esq., and extends to the road from Leesburg to the mill lately known as Miller's Mill, on Goose Creek, and not more than three-quarters of a mile from the turnpike road now making. The furthest boundary of this land is not more than three miles from Leesburg, and the nearest, which is in timber, not more than one mile and a half. The timbered land will be laid off into 10 or 15 acre lots, reserving a sufficient quantity for the land now cleared and in cultivation. It is unnecessary to say that this land is as well adapted to plaster as any in that part of the country; and if not sold at private sale previous to the September Leesburg court, will be then offered at public sale, and the terms made known on the day.

There are fifteen or twenty negroes residing on the farm that may be purchased with it if wanted.

LANDON CARTER, Sabine Hall, June 1 [5] fmwta

Valuable Land for Sale.

I WILL sell the farm on which I reside, known by the name of Indian Town, and containing about one thousand acres. It is situated in Charles Co. Md. on Nanjemoy Creek near its mouth, about seven miles from Port Tobacco, and forty from Washington City. Few farms combine greater advantages than this; added to a fertility of soil equal to any in the country, it binds on the creek nearly two miles, which affords great facility in getting its productions to market, and precludes the necessity of much fencing; the creek affords in their seasons, fish and wild fowl in abundance.—The soil is peculiarly adapted to the growth of Tobacco, Wheat and Indian Corn, and the plaster has been found from experience to act on it admirably. There are now about 100 acres in clover, some of which is well set. The improvements are a new two story dwelling house 15 by 40 feet, kitchen, barn, stable, carriage house, with every other necessary out house, the whole in good repair. There is also a wind-mill in good order, the toll of which affords meal enough for the support of the farm.—Also, one other tract containing 115 acres in the forest, about three miles distant, entirely in the wood. There is a well of excellent water in the yard, and several springs on different parts of the farm. The premises may be viewed, and the terms known by application to the subscriber. Should the above farm be sold on the 1st of Sept. next, I will lease it for a term of years.

THEOPHILUS HARGRAVE, Indian Town, June 29 mthti

District of Columbia, to wit:

County of Alexandria, April Term, 1818, IN CHANCERY.

William B. Stewart—Complainant, vs. Leroy P. Leland and Jacob Hellriggle—Defendants.

THE defendant Leroy P. Leland not having entered his appearance and given security according to the act of assembly and the rules of this court, and it appearing to the satisfaction of the court, upon affidavit, that the said Leroy P. Leland is not an inhabitant of this district: On motion of the said complainant by his counsel, it is ordered, that the said defendant do appear here on the first day of November court next, and enter his appearance to this suit, and give security for performing the decree of the court; and that the other defendant Jacob Hellriggle do not pay away, secrete or convey the debts by him owing to, or the estate or effects in his hands belonging to the said absent defendant Leroy P. Leland not an inhabitant of this district: On motion of the said complainant by his counsel, it is ordered, that the said defendant do appear here on the first day of November court next, and enter his appearance to this suit, and give security for performing the decree of the court; and that the other defendant Jacob Hellriggle do not pay away, secrete or convey the debts by him owing to, or the estate or effects in his hands belonging to the said absent defendant Leroy P. Leland until the further order or decree of this court; and that a copy of this order be forthwith published for two months successively in one of the public newspapers published in this county, and that a copy be posted at the front door of the court house of the said court.

Teste. G. DENEALE, C. June 29 Thm

Dr. Thomson's System of Chemistry.

IN FOUR VOLUMES OCTAVO.

THE preceding edition of Dr. Thomson's Chemistry, had acquired so much reputation both in England and upon the continent of Europe, that a new edition, comprising the new facts with which the science had been enriched, and the new views of the subject which extended knowledge had suggested as indispensable, was eagerly looked for by the scientific world. A new edition has accordingly appeared, wherein the former edition of five volumes has been condensed into four.

All the new discoveries, and all the new theories of Chemical Phenomena, have been considered and embraced in the present improved edition, so that it is indispensable to the chemical student, as presenting the only condensed view of the changes and alterations in chemical doctrine, which the discoveries of the last ten years have suggested. No apology therefore can be necessary for reprinting such a book in this country; for the press does not furnish a substitute for it. But, there is so much theoretical suggestion—so much abstruse calculation—so much fact of dubious authority—and so much dubious validity—that notes and illustrations are absolutely necessary, not merely to render the book more useful, but more intelligible.

Under these impressions, I thought fit to write notes in illustration (and sometimes in contradiction) of the work itself, rather than to make any abridgement of it. Those who wish to know the modern views of chemical science, must peruse it; and to very many who will be anxious to study it, elucidation will be necessary. I have endeavoured to supply these, to the best of my ability; regardless whether my own opinions are in dissonance or coincidence with those of my author, leaving to the reader to decide between us.

The work will be published, with notes and illustrations, in four volumes 8vo.

THOMAS COOPER, M. D.

CONDITONS.

I. The work will be printed on a superfine paper, with a new small pica letter; and will be published early in the ensuing summer.

II. It will be illustrated with a number of cuts, of which several have been necessarily added to the London edition.

III. It will be delivered to subscribers at \$12—no non-subscribers at \$14, in boards. The London edition sells for \$18.

JAMES KENNEDY & SON.

7th me. 6 fmwfa

Window Glass.

40 BOXES 8 by 10, 10 by 12, 7 by

9, 12 by 16, 12 by 18, 14 by 18

Window Glass, just received and for sale by TH. H. HOWLAND.

7th me. 6 fmwfa

Notice.

THE delinquent stockholders in the Leesburg Turnpike Road Company will please to take notice, that their first instalment, required by the president and directors of said company, of ten dollars on each share of stock by them subscribed, was due and payable on the first day of Sept. last—the second instalment of ten dollars on each share will be due on the first day of Jan. and the third instalment of ten dollars on each share will be due on the first day of July next, and if not punctually paid on or before the 15th of Aug. next, they will be dealt with as the law directs.

SAM'L CARR, Treas.

Leesburg, June 22 5w

Sales at Vendue.

On every Tuesday and Friday,

WILL BE SOLD,

At the Vendue Store, corner of Prince and Water Streets,

Dry Goods, Groceries, &c:

Particulars of which will be expressed in the bills of the day.

All kind of goods which are on limitation and the prices of which are established, can at any time be viewed and purchased at the lowest limitation and prices.

P. G. MARSTELLER.

Ship Timber, &c.

The subscriber, residing on Mattawoman Creek, in Charles County,

Maryland, will dispose of (standing) a

large quantity of first rate White Oak

Ship Timber, Wharf Logs, Timber suited

for Staves, Plank, Scantling, or other

purposes, in any quantity; likewise several

thousand cords Oak Wood. Purchasers

will find it to their advantage to apply as the terms will be moderate, and

there is navigable water to the spot.

Wm. MASON.

May 8 ff

Charles County Court,

MARCH TERM, 1818.

ON application to Charles county court by petition in writing of John Smith, of Charles county, for the benefit of the act of assembly for the relief of sundry insolvent debtors, passed at November session 1805, and the several supplements thereto, on the terms mentioned therein, a schedule of his property and his creditors on oath, so far as he can ascertain them, being annexed to his petition, and the court being satisfied by competent testimony that the said John Smith has resided two years immediately preceding the time of his application, in the state of Maryland, and being also satisfied that the said John Smith is in actual confinement for debt, and the said John Smith having entered into bond with sufficient security for his personal appearance in Charles county court, to answer under oath to his creditors may make against him—it is therefore ordered and adjudged that the said John Smith be discharged from imprisonment; and that by causing a copy of this order to be inserted in some one of the newspapers edited in the District of Columbia, once a week for two months successively before the third Monday of August next, he give notice to his creditors to appear before the said Court, at Charlestown, in said county, on the said third Monday of August next, for the purpose of recommending a trustee for their benefit, and to show cause why the said John Smith should not have the benefit of the several insolvent laws as prayed. Given under my hand this 20th day of June 1818.

JOHN BARNES, Clerk.

June 27 Thm

Was Committed

TO the jail of Alexandria county, as a runaway, on the 16th inst. a Negro man, who calls himself WILLIAM WILSON; says he is free born, and was raised in New-York; he is about 5 feet 2 inches high, full face and eyes, well set, black complexion, and about 22 years of age. He has been in the district about one year. The owner is requested to come and prove his property, pay charges, and take him away, otherwise he will be disposed of as the law directs.

JUNE 20 Jailer.

James Kennedy & Son,

R EPECTFULLY inform the public that they have just received from LEE's MEDICINE STORE, No. 46, Maiden lane, New-York, a fresh supply of the following valuable MEDICINES:

Hamilton's Worm-destroying Lozenges,

Which have within sixteen years past cured an immense number of persons of both sexes of every age and in every situation, of various dangerous complaints arising from WORMS, and from obstructions immediate relief, cheeks the progress, and in a short time entirely removes the most cruel disorders to which children are liable. The Elixir is perfectly agreeable, and the dose so small that no difficulty arises in taking it.

Hamilton's Elixir,

A sovereign remedy for colds, obstinate coughs, asthma, sore throat, catarrhs, and approaching consumptions. To parents who have children afflicted with the HOOPING COUGH, this discovery is of the first magnitude, as it affords immediate relief, cheeks the progress, and in a short time entirely removes the most cruel disorders to which children are liable.

This medicine bears no analogy whatever to others of similar titles so commonly complained of as operating with violence; on the contrary a particular excellence of this remedy is its being suited to every age and constitution.

It contains nothing but what is perfectly innocent & so mild in its operation that it cannot injure the most delicate pregnant lady or the tenderest infant of a week old should no worms exist in the body; but will without pain or griping cleanse the stomach and bowels of whatever is foul or offensive, and thereby prevent the production of worms and many fatal disorders. The lozenges are particularly efficacious in carrying off all gross humours and eruptions, feverish and bilious complaints, and are the safest and mildest purgative that can be used on any occasion.

Description of Worms, and the symptoms by which they are known.

Worms which infest the human body are chiefly of four kinds viz.—The Thread or large round worm; the Ascarides or small maw-worm; the Cucurbitine or short flat white worm; and lastly the Nenia or tape-worm, so called from its resemblance to tape. This is often many yards long and is full of joints. It is most hurtful and most difficult to remove.

Among the symptoms attending worms are—disagreeable breath, especially in the morning; bad and corrupted gums; itching in the nose, and about the seat; convulsions, epileptic fits, and sometimes privation of speech; starting and grinding of the teeth in sleep; irregular appetite, sometimes voracious; purging with slimy and fetid stools; vomiting; large and hard belly; pains and sickness at the stomach; pains in the head and thighs and lowness of spirits; slow fever with small and irregular pulse; a dry cough; excessive thirst; sometimes pale and unhealthy countenance, and sometimes the face bloated and flushed.

Persons afflicted with any of the above symptoms should have immediate recourse to Hamilton's Worm Destroying Lozenges, which have been constantly attended with success in all complaints similar to those above described.

A dose of this medicine given occasionally during the warm season, will effectually prevent the vomiting and purging of children—a dreadful disorder, which annually destroys thousands of the infant part of our citizens. It is likewise the mildest and most certain remedy known, and has restored to health and strength a great number when in an advanced stage of this fatal complaint. Particular and plain instructions are given for every part of the necessary treatment in such cases.

Children generally take this medicine with eagerness; having a pleasing appearance, and an agreeable taste.

The Restorative Powder for the Teeth and Gums.